SPORT FISHING *Emergency Order*

Under Authority of AS 16.05.060

Emergency Order No. 2-KS-7-28-22

Effective Date: 12:01 a.m. Wednesday, June 15, 2022

ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF FISH & GAME

Issued at: Homer, Monday, June 13, 2022

Expiration Date: 11:59 p.m. Friday, July 15, 2021, unless superseded by subsequent emergency order.

EXPLANATION:

This emergency order supersedes Emergency Order 2-KS-7-10-22, issued January 26, 2022, and prohibits sport fishing for king salmon (including catch-and-release) in the salt waters of Cook Inlet north of the latitude of Bluff Point (59° 40.00' N. lat.). King salmon incidentally caught while fishing for other fish may not be removed from the water and must be released immediately.

REGULATION:

The provisions of 5 AAC 58.022. (b)(1)(A) are superseded by this emergency order. The provisions of 5 AAC 58.055. (h) are added by this emergency order. Under this emergency order the following provisions are effective 12:01 a.m. Wednesday, June 15 through 11:59 p.m. Friday, July 15, 2022:

5 AAC 58.022. Waters; seasons; bag, possession, annual, and size limits; and special provisions for Cook Inlet – Resurrection Bay Saltwater Area.

(b)(1) in the waters of Cook Inlet north of the latitude of Bluff Point (59° 40.00' N. lat.):(A) sport fishing for king salmon is closed; king salmon caught incidentally may not be removed from the water and must be release immediately;

5 AAC 58.055. Upper Cook Inlet Summer Salt Water King Salmon Management Plan

(h) Notwithstanding (d) of this section, from June 15 through July 15, in the Cook Inlet salt waters north of the latitude of Bluff Point (59° 40.00' N. lat) sport fishing is allowed, sport fishing for king salmon is prohibited; king salmon may not be retained or possessed; king salmon that are caught while fishing for other species may not be removed from the water and must be released immediately.

Doug Vincent-Lang, Commissioner

By delegation to:

Mike Booz

Lower Cook Inlet Sport Fish Area Manager

JUSTIFICATION:

In the Kenai River, through June 11, an estimated 599 large king salmon have been enumerated past the RM 13.7 king salmon sonar. Based on the on-time to five days late run timing, the inseason king salmon escapement projection ranges from 1,100 to 1,800 which falls below the optimal escapement goal (OEG) of 3,900-6,600 large king salmon (75 cm mid eye to tail fork length and longer).

As of June 12, 2022, a total of 382 king salmon had been counted in the Anchor River. Based on the 2019-2021 Anchor River king salmon run timing, the 2022 escapement is projected to be less than 2,000 king salmon which would fall below the sustainable escapement goal (SEG) of 3,800-7,600.

As of June 12, 2022, a total of 182 naturally-produced king salmon had been counted at the lower Ninilchik River weir. Based on the 2019-2021 Ninilchik River naturally-produced king salmon run timing, the 2022 escapement is projected to be less than 500 king salmon. Approximately 1,100 naturally-produced king salmon are needed at this weir to achieve the SEG of 750-1,300 and broodstock collection goal for stocking the Ninilchik River. Only naturally-produced king salmon can be used as broodstock for stocking the Ninilchik River.

DISTRIBUTION:

The distribution list for this emergency order is on file at the Region 2 Office of Alaska Department of Fish and Game, Division of Sport Fish, 333 Raspberry Road, Anchorage, AK 99518, (907) 267-2218.